REVIEW FOR AP GOVERNMENT

TEST 6,8,11

WHAT IS :

1. Political Action Committee.

2. Ticket-splitting

3. AARP

4. Sampling error

5. Party eras in American politics

6. Policy gridlock

7. What time period was the rise of public interest groups.

8. The first party systems in the United States

9. Blanket primaries

10. Voting a straight ticket

11. The Simpson-Mazzoli Act

12. The free-rider problem

13. Exit poll

14. Pluralists that lobby

15. Patronage.

16. Lobbying techniques

17. Examples of 527s

18. A plurality election

19. Principal anti-slavery party.

20. Public interest lobby

21. Hyperpluralist theory.

22. Significant influence over the accuracy of a political poll

23. Public opinion polling, a sample as small as

24. Open primaries

25. Political socialization.

26. "Iron triangle”

27. A nomination.

28. "Three-headed political giants"

29. Minority majority

30. (PAC) money goes

31. Party realignment

32. *Amicus curiae* briefs

33. True statement about political parties in America

34. Lobbyists must file reports of their activities to

35. Grassroots lobbying tactics

36. Federalist No. 10, James Madison argued that factions

37. Views of a liberal

38. College graduates are more likely to vote than

39. The Civil Rights Act of 1964

40. Prior restraint

41. *Reed v. Reed*